

ILLINOIS COMMERCE COMMISSION TO SE

Docket No. 06-0370

OF KATHY ANN BARTH COMPLAINANT

Carbondale, Illinois
January 19, 2007

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- 1 Q. Please state your name.
- 2 A. My name is Kathy Ann Barth.
- 3 Q. Are you the complainant in this matter?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
- A. The purpose of my testimony is to respond to the prepared testimony of Robin L. Hadley, which she gave on behalf of AmerenClPS.
- 8 Q. Did you read and review Ms. Hadley's testimony before
- 9 presenting your testimony today?
- 10 A. Yes.

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- 11 Q. Please provide, generally, your thoughts concerning Ms. Hadley's 12 testimony?
 - A. I want to point out that Ms. Hadley's testimony attempts to make my simple grievance more complicated. This case is NOT about identity theft. No one stole my identity in this matter, and I did not steal anyone else's identity. No money or power was stolen from AmerenCIPS. Only I lost money and power. This case is about AmerenCIPS terminating service for no valid reason. This case is about AmerenCIPS not treating a long term customer with respect. This case is about AmerenCIPS not acting in good faith and in a fair manner toward a long term customer who did nothing wrong. This case is about AmerenCIPS not having policies and procedures that are just and reasonable when it comes to its mere suspicions of wrong doing. This case is about AmerenCIPS terminating a customer's service when the account is not past due and where no termination

notice for non-payment had been served on the customer. This case is about AmerenCIPS treating me as a wrongdoer from the start, finding me guilty of wrongdoing, and punishing me though I was never presented the facts and reasons supporting AmerenCIPS' conclusions and an opportunity to contest those facts and reasons prior to AmerenCIPS making the unilateral determination to terminate my service.

Q. Please continue.

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Though I was innocent of any wrongdoing from the start of this matter, Α. AmerenCIPS forced me, a low income mother and employed worker just trying to get by, to defend myself though I was never told any facts and reasons supporting even an allegation that I did something wrong. And, when I asked for the facts and reasons, I was told nothing meaningful about the allegations being made against me. Evidently, Ms. Hadley and AmerenCIPS do not grasp or do not want to accept concepts that are fundamental in the United States. In this country, I am presumed innocent until I am proven quilty after a full and fair opportunity to know the accusations being made against me and to confront my accusers. I was not given that opportunity. It was assumed that I was doing something wrong and AmerenCIPS sent me a disconnect notice to take effect 8 days later unless I complied with its demands for information and defended myself. Ms. Hadley and AmerenCIPS need to understand the extreme distress and hardship it can cause a customer when mere suspicion is transformed into the guilt and punishment without cause. It is difficult for me to understand why AmerenCIPS does not get this. When I ask for the facts and reasons, I am simply and rudely told: "fax the documents or be disconnected." Though I have limited means and AmerenCIPS is a multimillion dollar corporation, I was the one who has to spend time and money and work to prove my innocence though I was never told the reasons and facts that forced me do this work. AmerenCIPS could have easily and cheaply figured this out. Consistent with its own policy (See AmerenCIPS Ex. 1.2, section III.A.1., page 5), a friendly letter asking for records to be updated because a neighbor called and reported suspicious activity near the power boxes would have resulted in AmerenCIPS transforming its erroneous suspicions into clear evidence showing no wrongdoing and NO need to send a termination notice to anyone.

- Q. Ms. Hadley stated in her testimony that you fail "to grasp" the needs of AmerenCIPS' and its customers surrounding the crime of identity theft. Is this true?
- A. Not at all. In fact, sometime ago my son's identity was stolen and this caused us to learn all about identity theft. I am very afraid of identity theft and I know AmerenCIPS and its customers need to be concerned and take all necessary and reasonable precautions. In fact, I shred or burn all of my discarded mail and anything that could assist identity theft. I fully grasp these needs. While the FTC report attached to Ms. Hadley's testimony and her comments concerning the fraud packets, the cost of identity theft, and so on were interesting and frightening, this information was not necessary in order for me to appreciate this crime and its prevalence. But, there are many crimes being committed everyday, yet we do not as a society abandon basic due process principles requiring meaningful notice of the charges and an opportunity to refute the charges before a punishment kicks in.

Even an arrest and temporary confinement requires probable cause. Mere suspicion is not enough to trigger a punishment. AmerenCIPS only had a suspicion.

Q. Did Ms. Hadley correctly understand your point that a simple telephone call would have been possible and helpful?

A. Not at all. My point was NOT that AmerenCIPS call and ask if I am committing identity theft or ask me who I am, etc. My point was that AmerenCIPS could have easily figured out what was going on with a simple request over the telephone or by a friendly letter requesting identification information and pointing out to me that a neighbor had called concerning my son being near the meters (and whatever else she said) and that an investigation into my account had discovered certain facts (which I am told) raising a question concerning who was getting service, whose name the service was in, and the fear that a crime was being committed. A deadline for supplying the information and documents by fax transmission could have been established with the promise that if the deadline was not met then a termination notice with a final deadline would be served. That would be a fair and reasonable procedure.

Q. How would you have responded to this request for information?

A. I would have told them that my son did live with me at Lot 33 and they could come and see for themselves that there was no problem with or theft of the meter. I would have told them that my neighbor is a chronic complainer who makes false charges like this one all the time. I would have reminded them that the Elkville address they had for me had burned to the ground and AmerenCIPS' personnel had been there to shut-off the power and take care of the power lines. No one could live

at that address because, as AmerenCIPS knew, there was no livable house there any longer. AmerenCIPS would have then checked their records or simply visited the Elkville location and discovered that I was telling the truth about the fire and that no one was getting service at the Elkville address. As far as the Equifax report is concerned, I have never seen such a report so I don't know why it does not have my current address and still has the address that burned.

Q. Knowing what you know now, do you understand why AmerenCIPS was concerned that identity theft might be going on here?

A. No. Even if my neighbor called and made the claims about my son (stealing the meter and living with me) and the Equifax report is accurately being represented (we did not receive a copy in response to our data requests), I do not know how AmerenCIPS could conclude a termination notice was a reasonable and necessary response. This is especially confusing for me because AmerenCIPS' own records did not show service at the time at the Elkville address so there was no overlap of service addresses under my name, AmerenCIPS' own records should show an emergency call and disconnection of service because of a fire at the Elkville address, and there has been no service since the fire at the Elkville address. In addition, AmerenCIPS sent an employee to my address at Lot 33 and saw that no meter was missing, so learned that my neighbor was obviously not being truthful. Since I am allowed to have my son live with me, that claim means nothing. Given all this, I do not understand why there was any suspicion let alone a valid reason for sending me a termination notice.

Q. Do you understand Ms. Hadley's testimony where she explains

AmerenCIPS' fear that if it revealed the name of a whistle blower, this would

make that person vulnerable to retribution?

A. No. First, AmerenCIPS admits it sometimes shares the source or basis for its concern. Second, people who report criminal behaviors are already protected by law from crimes of retaliation like threats, assaults, and worse. Third, when a person accuses someone else of a crime, that person has to be prepared to testify, be cross examined, and otherwise to stand behind their accusations. No one should be punished or disadvantaged in anyway based on what essentially is an anonymous report. How can there be any kind of accountability unless the reporter is identified? This case is the perfect example where a neighbor with a dispute enlists the cooperation of AmerenCIPS to unjustifiably accuse Ms. Barth of wrongdoing. AmerenCIPS is acting more concerned with protecting the lying "whistle blower" than protecting the rights of a law abiding, innocent customer who pays her bill. All of AmerenCIPS' customers deserve better.

- Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 131 A. Yes.

STATE OF ILLINOIS ILLINOIS COMMERCE COMMISSION

KATHY BARTH,)	
)	
	Complainant,)	
)	
VS.)	No. 06-0370
)	
CENTRAL ILLING	DIS PUBLIC SERVIC	E CO.,)	
d/b/a AmerenCIPS,)	
)	
	Respondent.)	

NOTICE OF FILING AND PROOF OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that he forwarded to the Chief Clerk of the Illinois

Commerce Commission for filing in the above captioned matter the Rebuttal Testimony of Kathy

Ann Barth and served by depositing the same in the United States mail in Carbondale, Illinois, a

true and correct copy of the direct testimony enclosed in an envelope with postage fully prepaid

and plainly addressed to ALJ John Albers, Illinois Commerce Commission, 527 East Capitol

Ave, Springfield, IL. 62701 and Edward C. Fitzhenry, Attorney at Law, Managing Associate

General Counsel, Ameren Services Company, P O Box 66149 (MC 1310), St. Louis MO

63166-6149 and by emailing to Judge Albers and Attorney Fitzhenry and their email of record

on this

Managing Associate

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